
django-async-test Documentation

Release 0.2.2

Alex Hayes

May 09, 2016

1	Contents	3
2	License	7
3	Author	9
	Python Module Index	11

`asyncio` unit tests with `Django` transactional support.

It supports Django 1.8+ for Python versions 3.5+ and uses `asyncctest` under the covers to provide support for easily mocking coroutines.

Contents

1.1 Installation

You can install `django-async-test` either via the Python Package Index (PyPI) or from github.

To install using pip;

```
$ pip install django-async-test
```

From github;

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/alexhayes/django-async-test.git
```

1.2 Usage

`async_test.TestCase` does a great job of mocking coroutines however if you're writing tests that manipulate the database in Django you'll most likely want to ensure that things are cleaned up after your test.

With `django_async_test.TestCase` you have the coroutine support of `async_test` combined with the transaction support of Django's `django.test.TestCase`.

```
import django_async_test

class MyTestCase(django_async_test.TestCase):

    @django_async_test.patch('myapp.my_coroutine')
    def test_foo(self, MockMyCoroutine):

        # Mock our coroutine.
        MockMyCoroutine.return_value = 'Hello World'

        # Create an instance of MyModel
        MyModel.objects.create(...)

        ...
        ...
```

In the above example, the test is run inside a transaction by Django's `django.test.TestCase`, thus the creation of a `MyModel` will be rolled back, cleaning up the database.

Also, our co-routine will be patched correctly by `async_test`.

Note that decorated `@django_async_test.patch` above actually comes from `asynctest` however to avoid the extra import `django_async_test` imports `asynctest.*` into it's namespace.

1.3 Differences to asynctest

`asynctest` supports the use of `setUp` and `tearDown` methods as coroutines in your `TestCase`. `django-async-test` does not support this, instead if you can define a `setUpAsync` and/or `tearDownAsync` method that will be called.

This package is mostly just an integration wrapper between Django and `asynctest`, you should [read the asynctest docs](#).

1.4 Developer Documentation

1.4.1 Contributions

Contributions are more than welcome!

To get setup do the following;

```
mkvirtualenv --python=/usr/bin/python3.5 django-async-test
git clone https://github.com/alexhayes/django-async-test.git
cd django-async-test
pip install -r requirements/dev.txt
```

1.4.2 Running Tests

Once you've checked out you should be able to run the tests.

```
tox
```

1.4.3 Creating Documentation

```
cd docs
make clean html
```

1.5 Internal Module Reference

Release 0.2.2

Date May 09, 2016

1.5.1 django_async_test.testcase

Internal module reference for `django_async_test.testcase`.

class `django_async_test.testcase.TestCase` (*methodName='runTest', *args, **kwargs*)

Bases: `django.test.testcases.TestCase`, `asynctest.case.TestCase`

A testcase that wraps `django.test.TestCase` and `asynctest.TestCase`.

run (*result=None*)

Call `django.test.TestCase`'s `run` method.

setUp ()

Override `setUp` method.

Note that `asynctest` supports `setUp` as a coroutine however `django_async_test.TestCase` instead supports a `setUpAsync` method.

tearDown ()

Override `tearDown` method.

Note that `asynctest` supports `tearDown` as a coroutine however `django_async_test.TestCase` instead supports a `tearDownAsync` method.

License

This software is licensed under the *MIT License*. See the [LICENSE](#).

Author

Alex Hayes <alex@alution.com>

d

`django_async_test.testcase`, 4

D

`django_async_test.testcase` (module), 4

R

`run()` (`django_async_test.testcase.TestCase` method), 4

S

`setUp()` (`django_async_test.testcase.TestCase` method), 5

T

`tearDown()` (`django_async_test.testcase.TestCase` method), 5

`TestCase` (class in `django_async_test.testcase`), 4